

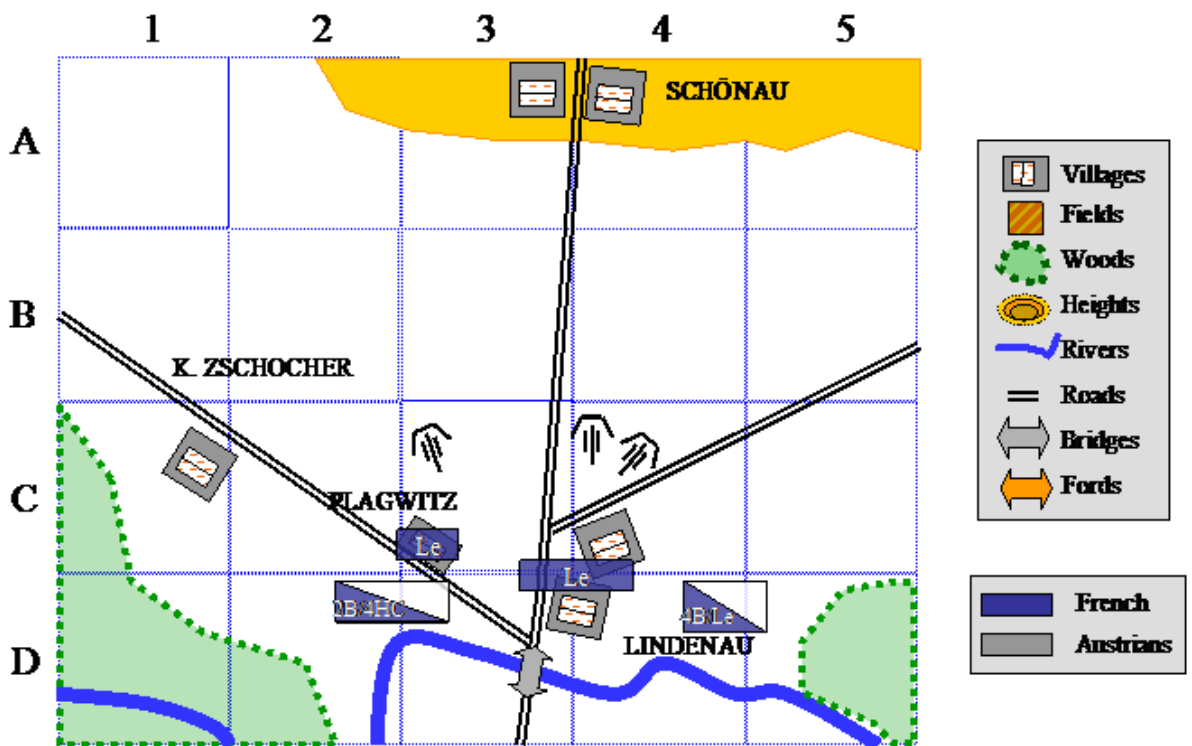
The Battle of Lindenau 16th of October 1813

The battle of Lindenau (October, 16) was the western section of the battle of Leipzig, the climatic culmination of the autumn campaign in Saxony. In 1813, Leipzig was the hub of ten major roads. Three of the roads approached the city from the west, merging into a single road at Lindenau that passed across the Elster and Pleisse Rivers on a series of bridges (5 principal and six minor ones) and causeways, forming a natural bottleneck. Lindenau was the only real withdrawal route for Napoleon, but for some reason (maybe political Austrian considerations) the Allied did not choose to block the Napoleon's exit to France.

The only major Allied unit in the zone was the Gyulai's weak III (Austrian) Corps, a force very inadequate to the task. The defence of the area was commended to Margaron's Leipzig garrison, with the help from the Quinette's brigade from the 4th Heavy Cavalry Division and from the very diminished Bertrand's IV Corps

The OOB's have been taken form the Nafziger's and Smith's books (See Bibliography). The Scenario is designed for 'one half' Napoleon's Battles, with a ground scale of 1":50 yards and 1 figure:60 men.

1. MAP OF THE BATTLEFIELD



MAP NOTES

- 1.1 All buildings are not fortified and have a "+1" combat modifier. Villages can contain a maximum of one unit and/or one battery per building. The redoubts have a +2 combat modifier.
- 1.2 Woods (green) are rough terrain. Cavalry and artillery can move trough only in column/march column/limbered formation.
- 1.3 The river is un-fordable. All units must to cross by the bridge and in march column formation.
- 1.4 The terrain squares are 40x40 cm (15.7"x15.7") at 1/1,800 scale (1 in. to 50 yds).

2. ORDERS OF BATTLE¹

Until the arrival of Bertrand with his IV Corps, **Arrighi** 6"G(7)+1 acted as C-i-C. After, that General will act as Wing Commander for the cavalry.

(3) **IV Corps (IV) Bertrand** 16"G(5)+1 [10M] (447 points)

(2) **12nd Division (12/IV) Morand** 10"E(8)+2

1st Brigade (1B/12/IV) Belair 4"G(6)+0

1B/12/IV 28FrLT [14D]

2nd Brigade (2B/12/IV) Toussaint 3"A(5)+0

1/2B/12/IV 28FrLN [14D]

3rd Brigade (3B/12/IV) Hulot 3"A(4)+0

1/3B/12/IV 20FrLN [10D]; **2/3B/12/IV** 20FrLN [10D]

(12/IV) Fr6# FA; (12/IV) Fr6# FA

(2) **15th Division (15/IV) Fontanelli** 8"A(6)+1

1st Brigade (1B/15/IV) St-Andrea 4"A(5)+0

1/1B/15/IV 16ItLN [8D]

2nd Brigade (2B/15/IV) Martel 4"A(5)+0

1/2B/15/IV 16ItLN [8D]

(15/IV) It6# FA

(2) **38th Division (38/IV) Franquemont** 6"G(5)+1

1st Brigade (1B/38/IV) Stockmayer 3"A(5)+0

1/1B/38/IV 16WtLN [8D]

2nd Brigade (2B/38/IV) Jett 4"A(6)+1

1/2B/38/IV 2WtLC [1D]

(38/IV) Wt6# HA

Artillery Reserve

(IV) Fr6# FA

(1) **29th Ligh Cavalry Brigade (29/LC/IV) Wolff** 8"A(6)+1

1B/29LC/IV 4WsLC [2D]

(2) **Leipzig garrison (Le) Margaron** 4"A(6)+0 [3F]

French (F/Le) Bertrand 3"A(5)+0

1B/F/Le 16FrLT [8D]; **2B/F/Le** 16FrLN [8D]; **3B/F/Le** 20FrLN [10D]; **4B/F/Le** 12FrLC [6D]

Baden (B/Le) Hochberg 3"A(5)+1D

1B/B/Le 16BdLn [8D]

(Le) Fr6# HA;(Le) Bd6# FA

(1) **2nd Brigade, 4th HC Division (2B/4HC) Quinette** 3"A(5)+0 [1F]

2B/4HC 12FrDC [5D]; (4HC) Fr6# HA

(3) **Austrian III Corps (III) Gyulai** 16"G(6)+1 [17M] (603 points)

(2) **1st Light Division (LD) Liechtenstein** 8"G(7)+0 [3F]

1st Brigade (1B/LD) Hessen-Homburg 3"A(5)+1

1/1B/LD 16AsJG [8D]; **2/1B/LD** 16AsJG [8D]; **3/1B/LD** 12AsLC [6D]; (LD) As3# HA

2nd Brigade (2B/LD) Scheither 4"A(6)+0

1/2B/LD 16AsGZ [10D]; **2/2B/LD** 10AsLC [5D], **3/2B/LD** 12AsLC [6D]; (LD) As6# HA

(2) **1st Division (1/III) Crenneville** 8"A(6)+1 [2F]

1st Brigade (1B/1/III) Hecht 3"G(5)+1D

1/1B/1/III 16AsGZ [10D]; **2/1B/1/III** 16AsGZ [10D]; **3/1B/1/III** 15AsLC [8D];

4/1B/1/III 13AsLC [7D]; (1/III) As6# HA

(2) **2nd Division (2/III) Murray** 6"A(5)+1

1st Brigade (1B/2/III) Salins 3"A(4)+0

1/1B/2/III 16AsLN [10D]; **2/1B/2/III** 16AsLN [10D]; **3/1B/2/III** 16AsLN [10D];

4/1B/2/III 16AsLN [10D]; **5/1B/2/III** 16AsLN [10D] (2/III) As6# FA

2nd Brigade (2B/2/III) Weigel 3"A(5)+0

1/2B/2/III 24AsLN [14D]; **2/2B/2/III** 24AsLN [14D]; (2/III) As6# FA

(2) **3rd Division (3/III) Hessen-Homburg** 8"G(7)+1

1st Brigade (1B/3/III) Czollich 3"A(6)+0

1/1B/3/III 20AsLN [12D]; **2/1B/3/III** 20AsLN [12D]; **3/1B/3/III** 24AsLN [14D]; (3/III) As6# FA

¹ The men scale is 1:60 for infantry and cavalry .One turn is 15 minutes. The terrain scale is 1/1,800

2nd Brigade (2B/3/III) Grimmer 4"A(6)+1D

1/2B/3/III 28AsLN [17D]; 2/2B/3/III 16AsLN [10D]; 3/2B/3/III 16AsLN [10D]; (3/III) As6# FA

Artillery Reserve

(III) As12# HvA; (III) As6# FA; (III) As6# FA

(1) **Mensdorf Strefkorps (MenS) Mensdorf** 6"A(5)+0 [1F]

1B/MenS 6AsLC [3D]; 2B/MenS 6RsCLC [4D]

(1) **Thielmann Strefkorps (ThiS) Thielman** 10"G(8)+1 [2F]

1B/ThiS 8AsLC [4D]; 2B/ThiS 7PrLC [4D]; 3B/ThiS 10RsCLC [7D]; (ThiS) As6# HA

3. SPECIAL RULES FOR LINDENAU

This scenario is designed for one-half Napoleon's Battles

3.1 Game Length

9.00 - 19.00 h² (42 turns). The French got 11 free rolls and the Austrians 11. The Austrians have the initiative and are the first side.

3.2 Deployment

3.2.1 French

Arrighi, the Leipzig garrison (**Le**) and the Quinette's cavalry (**2B/4HC**) are on the table at the start of the game. The IV Corps units will arrive from Leipzig, in march column formation, by the D3 end-road in the following order:

12/IV 11.00 h

15/IV 11.30 h

29/LC/IV 12.00 h

38/IV 12.30 h

Artillery Reserve 13.00 h

The exact order of arrival within each division must be diced out. No unit can enter until the precedent one vacated the arrival point. The Generals always arrive with their first unit. Apply the **OR 13.8.2** rule for Varying Time Arrivals

3.2.2 Austrian (the non-historical easier way)

There are not Austrian units on the table at start of the battle. **Gyulai** must to divide his command in **three columns**: left, center and right, whose strenght must be approximately: 20%, 60% and 20%, respectively of his total strenght. An adequate set-up could be to use two Light Brigades from the three available. In this variation, the 1st Brigade of the Liechtenstein's Light Division (**1B/LD**) and the complete Crenneville's 1st division (**1/III**) are used as flank columns. The remaining brigade of the 1st Light Division, the bulk of the **III corps** and the **Mensdorf's and Thielmann Streifcorps** conform the central column. The composition of the columns, and their arrival points and timings are:

LEFT COLUMN	CENTER COLUMN	RIGHT COLUMN
B5 end-road ; 9.00 h	D4 end-road ; 10.00 h	B1 end-road ; 9.00 h
1st Brigade of the 1st Light Division (1B/LD)	(III-), (LD-) Mensdorf's Streif. (MenS), Thielmann Streif. (ThiS)	1st Division (1/III)

3.2.3 Austrian (the semi-historical way)

There are not Austrian units on the table at start of the battle. In addition to the use of one central and two flank columns, Gyulai made several detachments in order to maintain contact with the Allied columns operating in his flanks (Blucher at left and Meerfeldt at right). Nearly all the battalions of the 1st Brigade of the 2nd Division were used in that role, so the number of available men for the Lindenau assault, was reduced by around 5,000 men that do not participate in the battle. In this variation, the entire (**1B/2/III**) brigade, including its divisional commander, is considered to be detached.

LEFT COLUMN	CENTER COLUMN	RIGHT COLUMN
B5 end-road ; 9.00 h	D4 end-road ; 10.00 h	B1 end-road ; 9.00 h
1st Brigade of the 1st Light Division (1B/LD)	(III-), (LD-) Mensdorf's Streif. (MenS), Thielmann Streif. (ThiS)	1st Division (1/III)

DETACHED AND NOT USED Murray (2/III) and the 1st Brigade of the 2nd Division (1B/2/III)
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² The civil sunset at the zone, occurs at 18,52 h (Results provided by <http://www.cavu.com/sunset.html> for Leipzig at October, 16)

3.2.4 Austrian (the historical way)

There are not Austrian units on the table at start of the battle. The actual composition of the flank columns was an 'ad-hoc' arrangement, based on brigades from Gyulai's own corps (2B/2III and 1B/3/III) with the additions of some units of the Liechtenstein's 1st Light Division .

LEFT	CENTER	RIGHT
B5 end-road ; 9.00 h	D4 end-road ; 10.00 h	B1 end-road ; 9.00 h
(3/III) Hess.-Homb. 8"G(7)+1 [2F] 2/1B/LD 16AsJG [8D] 1/1B/1/III 16AsGZ [10D] (2B/2/III) Weigel 3"A(5)+0 1/2B/2/III 24AsLN [14D] 2/2B/2/III 24AsLN [14D] (2/III) As6# FA	(III) Gyulai 16"G(6)+1 [17M] (1/III) Crenneville 8"A(6)+1 (1B/1/III) Hecht 3"G(5)+1D 2/1B/1/III 16AsGZ [10D] 3/1B/1/III 15AsLC [8D] 4/1B/1/III 13AsLC [7D] (1/III) As6# FA (2B/3/III) Grimmer 4"A(6)+1D 2/2B/3/III 16AsLN [10D] 3/2B/3/III 16AsLN [10D] (3/III) As6# FA Reserve Artillery (III) As12# HvA (III) As6# FA (III) As6# FA (LD) Liechtenstein 8"G(7)+0 (1B/LD)Hessen-Homburg 3"A(5)+1 1/1B/LD 16AsJG [8D]] (2B/LD) Scheither 4"A(6)+0 2/2B/LD 10AsLC [5D] 3/2B/LD 12AsLC [6D] (LD) As6# HA (MenS) Mensdorf 6"A(5)+0 [1F] 1B/MenS 6AsLC [3D] 2B/MenS 6RsCLC [4D] (ThiS) Thielman 10"G(8)+1 [2F] 1B/ThiS 8AsLC [4D] 2B/ThiS 7PrLC [4D] 3B/ThiS 10RsCLC [7D] (ThiS) As6# HA 1/2B/3/III 28AsLN [17D] is used as Reserve	(1B/3/III) Czollich 6"A(6)+0 [3F] 1/1B/3/III 20AsLN [12D] 2/1B/3/III 20AsLN [12D] 3/1B/3/III 24AsLN [14D] (3/III) As6# FA 1/2B/LD 16AsGZ [10D]; 3/1B/LD 12AsLC [6D] (LD) As3# HA

DETACHED AND NOT USED Murray (2/III) and the complete 1st Brigade of the 2nd Division (1B/2/III)

In all the cases, infantry and artillery units can arrive in column or march column as desired. Batteries arrive limbered. The Generals always arrive with their first unit. Apply the **OR 13.8.2** rule for Varying Time Arrivals.

3.3 Calling the detachments (for use with the options 3.2.3 or 3.2.4)

For the reasons given above, the strength of the Austrian force committed to the assault of Lindenau was very insufficient for the task. In order to see if those additional forces could have inclined the balance towards the Austrian side, use the following procedure when the deployments of given in 3.2.3 or 3.2.4 were used.

Starting in the 14.00 turn, Gyulai, if in command, will throw 1D10. The first time a "1" is required, the second time a "2" or less, the third time "3" or less etc. until successful (since Gyulai must be in command, it is necessary to annotate the turns in which the die is thrown). In this moment, Gyulai can send for the detachments, that will start to roll for arrival one hour (4 turns) later (Apply the **OR 13.8.2**). The exact order of arrival is diced in a similar way to the French reinforcements (see **3.2.1**).

3.4 Cavalry scale and bases

The Cavalry scale is the same than that of infantry: 1/60. When necessary, multiply the cavalry figures for 3/2 (for example to determine outnumbering in mixed combat) and remove 2 cavalry figures for each 3 losses suffered.

3.5 C-i-C ratings

Do not use "10" as Response number of the C-i-C's but use the values assigned to them in the OOB.

3.6 Rallying of units and avoiding rout and dispersal

Routed units can try to rally without an attached general with an additional '-3' modifier. Rout and Dispersal attempts can be made without an attached general using an additional '-3' modifier. A successful dispersal attempt must be preceded by a rout move.

3.7 Brigade/Regiment/Battalion commanders, Staff officers and such

It is not necessary to use an individual General figure to show the Brigadiers commanding one only unit. However, their corresponding label, must be placed in the side of the command base of his unit.

All Regiment/Battalion commanders are A(4)+0 for command control tests when acting in an *independent* role (i.e they have specific and special orders) or out of the command span of their immediately superior commander.

A task-force comprising two or more units can be formed, as wished by the C-i-C, under the command of any of the staff officers provided in the labels.

3.8 The Austrian Generals and their attachment to non-routed units

The optional rule **15.1.5** is used. Whenever it is desired to attach an Austrian general to an un-routed unit or units, a die must be rolled and the general's response number or less rolled to allow the attachment. The rule also covers Mensdorf.

3.9 Risk to attached generals (*A home-rule devised by Alfonso Peral a.k.a. lannes*)

At the end of a combat, any General attached to a participating unit, must check to see if he becomes a casualty by rolling 1d10. On a roll greater than his '**combat modifier**' the general is moved to safety. On a roll equal or less, the General Elimination Table must be consulted. If the attached unit was routed, a '+3' is added to the 'combat modifier' and if the General is defensive, with a letter D, subtracts '1' from the general's 'combat modifier'.

Similarly, any General attached to a unit suffering one loss or more in the fire phase, must make a similar checking by rolling 1d10. If the unit did suffer 1 or 2 losses, the General passes the test by rolling '2' or more. If the unit suffers 3 or more losses by fire (and it is not routed), the General is safe by rolling '3' or more. If the unit is routed by fire, the general is safe with '4' or more. If the General do not pass the test, consult the General Elimination Table.

5. VICTORY POINTS

The key points and the percentage of victory points allotted are the bridge (40%), the two buildings of Lindenau (10% each), the building of Plagwitz (10%), the end-roads B1 and B5 (10% each) and the two buildings of Schönau (5% each). This is a defensive scenario lasting more than $12 \times 2 = 24$ turns. The French have $447/0,95 = 471$ adjusted points and the Allied, 603. The multiplier for the weaker side (French) is $60/471 \times 1,2 = 1,54$ in NB1 and NB2-3 (262 and 105 victory points respectively).

6. HISTORICAL OUTCOME

The actual battle of Lindenau was a stalemate, but although the Allied do not achieve their objective, the French Bertrand's IV Corps was immobilized during all the day. Since these troops were desperately needed in the southern front (Wachau), where just one more Corps would probably have given the victory to Napoleon, the Allied achieved a good result. However, the withdrawal rout to France remained open, to be used by Napoleon .

7. BIBLIOGRAPHY

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4. LINDENAU UNIT ROSTER

COUNTRY	UNIT	NAME	COMBAT MODIFIERS*				DRD	ROUT NUM r	RSP	DSP b	FIRE	MOD l	MOVEMENT c			MOVEMENT MODS		
			COL or LIM	LIN or ULM	SQ vs CAV	vs OT a							COL or LIM	LIN or ULM	MRCH COL	RGH or SQR	BCK or SID	CHG FOR d
~	GEN	General eq	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	36"	~	2/1	1/1	~	
~	MES	Messenger ep	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	36"	~	2/1	1/1	~	
~	WAG	Wagon/Pack Train p	-7	~	~	f	f	f	3	~	~	~	10"	~	12"	6/1	~	~
~	DCV	Dismounted Cavalry	-3	-2	+3	-7	l	l	l	l	16"	-4	5"	1"	15"	2/1	3/1	1"
French	DC	Dragoon Cavalry h	+0g	+2g	~	+4	2	3	6	B	~	~	14"	13"	22"	3/1	2/1	6"
French	LC	Light Cavalry h	-2g	0g	~	+4	2	3	6	C	~	~	15"	14"	22"	3/1	2/1	7"
French	LN	Line Infantry	-2	+1	+6	-5	2	3	5	C	8"	0	9"	1"	16"	3/1	3/1	1"
French	LT	Light Infantry	-2	+1	+6	-5	2	3	5	C	8"	0	10"	1"	18"	2/1	2/1	1"
French	6#	6# Foot Artillery p	-5g	-3g	f	f	k	k	6	~	18"	+2	9"	2"	14"	4/1	1/1	3"
French	6#	6# Horse Artillery p	-5g	-3g	f	f	k	k	6	~	18"	+2	12"	4"	21"	4/1	1/1	3"
Italy	LN	Line Infantry	-2	+1	+6	-5	2	3	5	C	6"	0	9"	2"	16"	3/1	2/1	2"
Italy	6#	6# Foot Artillery p	-5g	-3g	f	f	k	k	5	~	18"	+1	9"	2"	14"	4/1	1/1	3"
Baden	LN	Line Infantry	-2	+1	+5	-5	2	3	4	C	8"	0	8"	2"	16"	3/1	2/1	2"
Baden	6#	6# Foot Artillery p	-5g	-3g	f	f	k	k	5	~	16"	+1	9"	2"	14"	4/1	1/1	3"
Wurtemberg	LC	Light Cavalry h	-2g	0g	~	+4	2	3	5	C	~	~	15"	14"	24"	3/1	2/1	7"
Wurtemberg	LN	Line Infantry	-1	+1	+5	-5	2	4	5	C	8"	-1	9"	1"	16"	2/1	2/1	1"
Wurtemberg	6#	6# Horse Artillery p	-5g	-3	f	f	k	k	6	~	18"	+2	10"	4"	21"	4/1	1/1	3"
Westphalia	LC	Light Cavalry h	-2g	0g	~	+3	2	3	5	D	~	~	15"	14"	24"	3/1	2/1	7"
Austrian	LC	Light Cavalry h	-2g	0g	~	+4	2	3	5	C	~	~	15"	14"	24"	3/1	2/1	7"
Austrian	LN	Line Infantry	-2	+1	+5	-4	2	4	5	D	8"	0	9"	2"	16"	2/1	2/1	2"
Austrian	GRZ	Grenz Infantry s	-2	0	+5	-6	2	3	5	D	10"	+1	12"	2"	18"	3/2	4/3	2"
Austrian	JG	Jager Infantry s	-2	0	+6	-5	2	4	5	C	10"	+2	12"	4"	18"	3/2	2/1	2"
Austrian	12#	12# Heavy Artillery p	-5	-3	f	f	k	k	4	~	20"	0	8"	1"	14"	6/1	1/1	1"
Austrian	6#	6# Horse Artillery p	-5g	-3	f	f	k	k	5	~	16"	+1	10"	3"	18"	4/1	1/1	3"
Austrian	6#	6# Foot Artillery p	-5g	-3	f	f	k	k	5	~	16"	+1	9"	2"	14"	6/1	1/1	2"
Austrian	3#	3# Horse Artillery p	-5g	-3	f	f	k	k	5	~	14"	+1	10"	4"	18"	4/1	1/1	3"
Prussian	LC	Light Cavalry h	-1g	+1g	~	+4	2	3	6	C	~	~	15"	14"	23"	3/1	2/1	7"
Russian	CLC	Cossack Cavalry h *	-4g	-2g	~	+2	1	2	4	E	~	~	17"	16"	26"	2/1	2/1	8"

French/Italian/Wurtemberger and Badener units have their dispersal levels increased in one level.

Labels for Lindenau

IV [10M] Bertrand 16"G(5)+1	A Arrighi 6"G(7)+1	12/IV Morand 10"E(8)+2	1B/12/IV Belair 4"G(6)+0	2B/12/IV Toussaint 3"A(5)+0	3B/12/IV Hulot 3"A(4)+0	15/IV Fontanelli 8"A(6)+1	1B/15/IV St-Andrea 4"A(5)+0	2B/15/IV Martel 4"A(5)+0	38/IV Franquemont 6"G(5)+1
1B/38/IV Stockmayer 3"A(5)+0	2B/38/IV Jett 4"A(6)+1	29/LC/IV Wolff 8"A(6)+1	Le [3F] Margaron 8"A(6)+0	F/Le Bertrand 3"A(5)+0	B/Le Hochberg 3"A(5)+1D	2B/4HC [1F] Quinette 3"A(5)+0	staff Blanc 3"A(5)+0	staff Rouge 3"A(5)+0	staff Vert 3"A(5)+0
1/1B/12/IV [14D] 28FrLT	1/2B/12/IV [14D] 28FrLN	1/3B/12/IV [10D] 20FrLN	2/3B/12/IV [10D] 20FrLN	12/IV FA Fr6#	12/IV FA Fr6#	1/1B/15/IV [8D] 16ItLN	1/2B/15/IV [8D] 16ItLN	15/IV FA It6#	1/1B/38/IV [8D] 16WtLN
<i>Light</i>	<i>Line</i>	<i>Line</i>	<i>Line</i>			<i>Line/Light</i>	<i>Line/ 8 Milan G.</i>		<i>Line/Light</i>
1/2B/38/IV [1D] 2WtLC	38/IV HA Wt6#	IV FA Fr6#	1B/29LC/IV [2D] 4WsLC	1B/F/Le [8D] 16FrLT	2B/F/Le [8D] 16FrLN	3B/F/Le [10D] 20FrLN	4B/F/Le [6D] 12FrLC	1B/B/Le [8D] 16BdLn	Le HA Fr6#
			<i>Hussars</i>	<i>Light</i>	<i>Line</i>	<i>Line</i>	<i>Chasse</i>	<i>Line</i>	
Le FA Bd6#	2B/4HC [5D] 12FrDC	4HC HA Fr6#							
	<i>Drago</i>								

Labels for Lindenau

III [17M] Gyulai 16"G(6)+1	LD Liechtenstein 8"G(7)+0	1B/LD [2F] Hes-Homburg 3"A(5)+1	1/III Crenneville 8"A(6)+1	1B/1/III Hecht 3"G(5)+1D	2/III Murray 6"A(5)+1	1B/2/III Salins 3"A(4)+0	2B/2/III Weigel 3"A(5)+0	3/III Hes-Homburg 8"G(7)+1	1B/3/III Czollich 3"A(6)+0
	<i>Left column</i>	<i>Left column</i>	<i>Right column</i>	<i>Right column</i>	<i>Detached</i>	<i>Detached</i>			
2B/3/III Grimmer 4"A(6)+1D	MenS [1F] Mensdorf 6"A(5)+0	ThiS [2F] Thielman 10"G(8)+1	2B/LD Scheither 4"A(6)+0	staff Weiss 3"A(5)+0	staff Rot 3"A(5)+0	staff Grün 3"A(5)+0	staff Biellii 3"A(5)+0	staff Krasnii 3"A(5)+0	staff Silionii 3"A(5)+0
1/1B/LD [8D] 16AsJG	2/1B/LD [8D] 16AsJG	3/1B/LD [6D] 12AsLC	LD HA As3#	1/2B/LD [10D] 16AsGZ	2/2B/LD [5D] 10AsLC	3/2B/LD [6D] 12AsLC	LD HA As6#	1/1B/1/III[10D] 16AsGZ	2/1B/1/III[10D] 16AsGZ
<i>Jagers Left column</i>	<i>Jagers Left column</i>	<i>Chev Left column</i>	<i>Left column</i>	<i>Grenzer</i>	<i>Dragoons</i>	<i>Chev</i>		<i>Grenzer Right column</i>	<i>Grenzer Right column</i>
3/1B/1/III [8D] 15AsLC	4/1B/1/III [7D] 13AsLC	1/III HA As6#	1/1B/2/III [10D] 16AsLN	2/1B/2/III 10D] 16AsLN	3/1B/2/III 10D] 16AsLN	4/1B/2/III [10D] 16AsLN	5/1B/2/III 10D] 16AsLN	2/III FA As6#	1/2B/2/III [14D] 24AsLN
<i>Chev Right column</i>	<i>Cgev Right column</i>	<i>Right column</i>	<i>German Detached</i>	<i>German Detached</i>	<i>German Detached</i>	<i>German Detached</i>	<i>German Detached</i>	<i>Detached</i>	<i>Hungarian</i>
2/2B/2/III [14D] 24AsLN	2/III FA As6#	1/1B/3/III [12D] 20AsLN	2/1B/3/III [12D] 20AsLN	3/1B/3/III [14D] 24AsLN	3/III FA As6#	1/2B/3/III [17D] 28AsLN	2/2B/3/III [10D] 16AsLN	3/2B/3/III [10D] 16AsLN	3/III FA As6#
<i>Hungarian</i>		<i>German</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>German</i>		<i>German RESERVE</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>German</i>	
III HvA As12#	III FA As6#	III FA As6#	1B/MenS [3D] 6AsLC	2B/MenS [4D] 6RsCLC	1B/ThiS [4D] 8AsLC	2B/ThiS [4D] 7PrLC	3B/ThiS [7D] 10RsCLC	ThiS HA As6#	
			<i>Hussars</i>	<i>Cossacks</i>	<i>Chev</i>	<i>PrusHus/LWC</i>	<i>Cossacks</i>		

Labels for Lindenau

Historical Austrian deployment

III [17M] Gyulai 16"G(6)+1	1/III Crenneville 8"A(6)+1	1B/1/III Hecht 3"G(5)+1D	2B/3/III Grimmer 4"A(6)+1D	LD Liechtenstein 8"G(7)+0	1B/LD Hes.-Homburg 3"A(5)+1	2B/LD Scheither 4"A(6)+0	MenS [1F] Mensdorf 6"A(5)+0	ThiS [2F] Thielman 10"G(8)+1	L [2F] Hes.Homburg 8"G(7)+1
									<i>Left column</i>
2B/2/III Weigel 3"A(5)+0	R [3F] Czollich 6"A(6)+0	2/III Murray 6"A(5)+1	1B/2/III Salins 3"A(4)+0	staff Weiss 3"A(5)+0	staff Rot 3"A(5)+0	staff Grün 3"A(5)+0	staff Biellii 3"A(5)+0	staff Krasnii 3"A(5)+0	staff Silionii 3"A(5)+0
<i>Left column</i>	<i>Right column</i>	<i>Detached</i>	<i>Detached</i>						
1/1B/LD [8D] 16AsJG	2/1B/LD [8D] 16AsJG	3/1B/LD [6D] 12AsLC	LD HA As3#	1/2B/LD [10D] 16AsGZ	2/2B/LD [5D] 10AsLC	3/2B/LD [6D] 12AsLC	LD HA As6#	1/1B/1/III[10D] 16AsGZ	2/1B/1/III[10D] 16AsGZ
<i>Jagers</i>	<i>Jagers</i> <i>Left column</i>	<i>Chev</i> <i>Right column</i>	<i>Right column</i>	<i>Grenzer</i> <i>Right column</i>	<i>Dragoons</i>	<i>Chev</i>		<i>Grenzer</i> <i>Left column</i>	<i>Grenzer</i>
3/1B/1/III [8D] 15AsLC	4/1B/1/III [7D] 13AsLC	1/III HA As6#	1/1B/2/III [10D] 16AsLN	2/1B/2/III 10D] 16AsLN	3/1B/2/III 10D] 16AsLN	4/1B/2/III [10D] 16AsLN	5/1B/2/III 10D] 16AsLN	2/III FA As6#	1/2B/2/III [14D] 24AsLN
<i>Chev</i>	<i>Cgev</i>		<i>German</i> <i>Detached</i>	<i>German</i> <i>Detached</i>	<i>German</i> <i>Detached</i>	<i>German</i> <i>Detached</i>	<i>German</i> <i>Detached</i>	<i>Detached</i>	<i>Hungarian</i> <i>Left column</i>
2/2B/2/III [14D] 24AsLN	2/III FA As6#	1/1B/3/III [12D] 20AsLN	2/1B/3/III [12D] 20AsLN	3/1B/3/III [14D] 24AsLN	3/III FA As6#	1/2B/3/III [17D] 28AsLN	2/2B/3/III [10D] 16AsLN	3/2B/3/III [10D] 16AsLN	3/III FA As6#
<i>Hungarian</i> <i>Left column</i>	<i>Left column</i>	<i>German</i> <i>Right column</i>	<i>German</i> <i>Right column</i>	<i>German</i> <i>Right column</i>	<i>Right column</i>	<i>German</i> RESERVE	<i>German</i>	<i>German</i>	
III HvA As12#	III FA As6#	III FA As6#	1B/MenS [3D] 6AsLC	2B/MenS [4D] 6RsCLC	1B/ThiS [4D] 8AsLC	2B/ThiS [4D] 7PrLC	3B/ThiS [7D] 10RsCLC	ThiS HA As6#	
			<i>Hussars</i>	<i>Cossacks</i>	<i>Chev</i>	<i>PrusHus/LWC</i>	<i>Cossacks</i>		